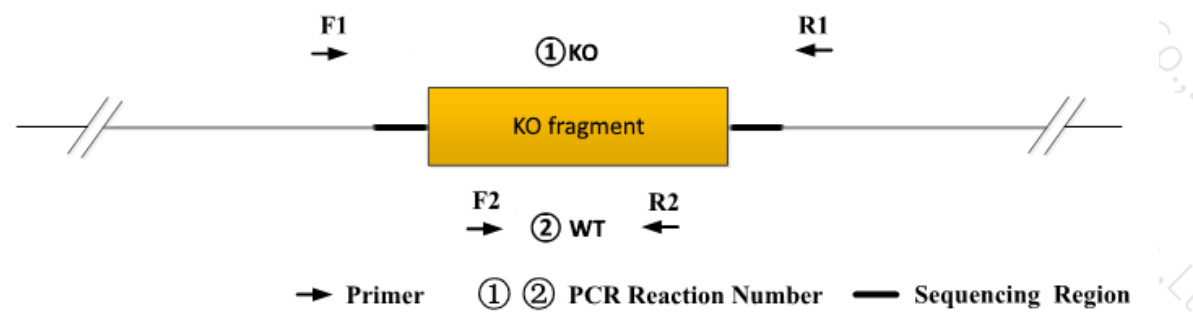


Genotyping Report

Strain ID	T037158	Strain Type	KO(Cas9)	Genetic Background	C57BL/6JGpt
Designer	Zifan Lin	Gene Name	<i>Mtmr3</i>		

1. Strategy of Genotyping

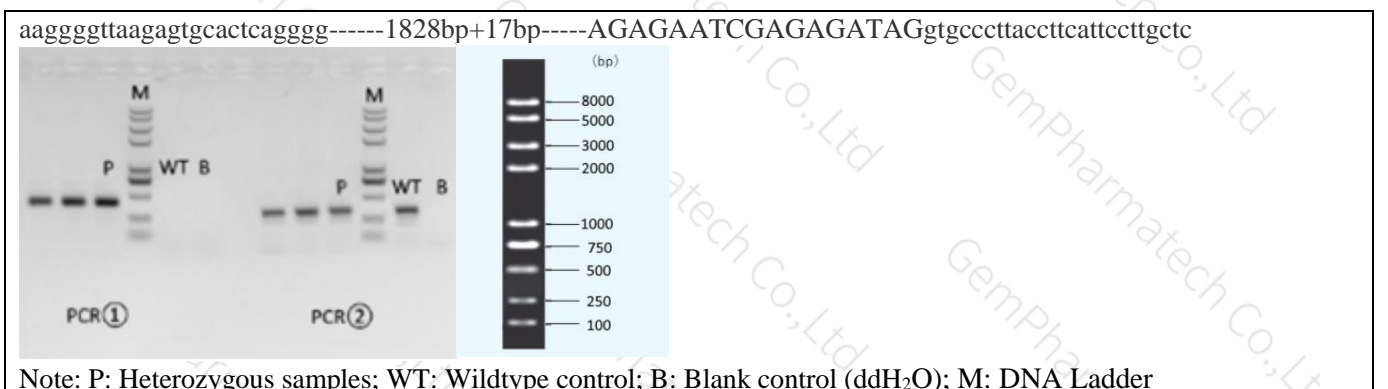


Wild type: ①PCR reaction obtains a single WT band; ②PCR reaction obtains a single WT band.
Heterozygote: ①PCR reaction obtains a WT band and a KO band; ②PCR reaction obtains a WT band.
Homozygote: ①PCR reaction obtains a single KO band; ② PCR reaction without product.
Note: 1)The sizes of WT and Targeted band are shown below.
2)If the WT band is too large, it may not be possible to obtain a WT band.

2. Primer Information

PCR No.	Primer No.	Sequence	Band Size
PCR①	T037158-F1	AGCTTGCCTCCACTGAACAAAC	WT: 2248bp KO: 437bp
	T037158-R1	AAAGAGGCAGGACTTCCAGGTTC	
PCR②	T037158-F2	CAGGAGGAATGTCCTTGTGTTAGC	WT: 358bp KO: 0bp
	T037158-R2	CTTAGCAAAGGATCTTCTGGAG	

3. Gel Image



- ① Control (WT) : It is an important reference mark for whether the PCR reaction is successful and whether the product band position and size meet the theoretical requirements.
- ② Control (B) : PCR amplification was performed without template in the PCR reagent to monitor whether the reagent was contaminated.

4. PCR Condition

(Generally recommend to use Vazyme P222; If the sequences contain special structures such as GC% \geq 60% or GC% \leq 40%, recommend to use Vazyme P515.)

PCR Reaction Component			
Seg.	Reaction Component		Volume (μ l)
1	2 \times Rapid Taq Master Mix(Vazyme P222) or 2 \times Phanta Max Master Mix (Vazyme P515)		12.5
2	ddH ₂ O		9.5
3	Primer A(10pmol/ μ l)		1
4	Primer B(10pmol/ μ l)		1
5	Template(20~80ng/ μ l)		1
PCR program I (priority selection)			
Seg.	Temp.	Time	Cycle
1	95°C	5min	
2	98°C	30s	20 \times
3	65°C*(-0.5°C/cycle)	30s	
4	72°C	45s*	
5	98°C	30s	15 \times
6	55°C*	30s	
7	72°C	45s*	
8	72°C	5min	
9	10°C	hold	
PCR program II (the second choice)			
Seg.	Temp.	Time	Cycle
1	95°C	5min	
2	98°C	30s	35 \times
3	58°C*	30s	
4	72°C	45s*	
5	72°C	5min	
6	10°C	hold	

Note*: Annealing temperature and extension time can be determined according to the actual amplification situation and amplification enzyme efficiency.

