

# **Ppp1r3g** Cas9-CKO Strategy

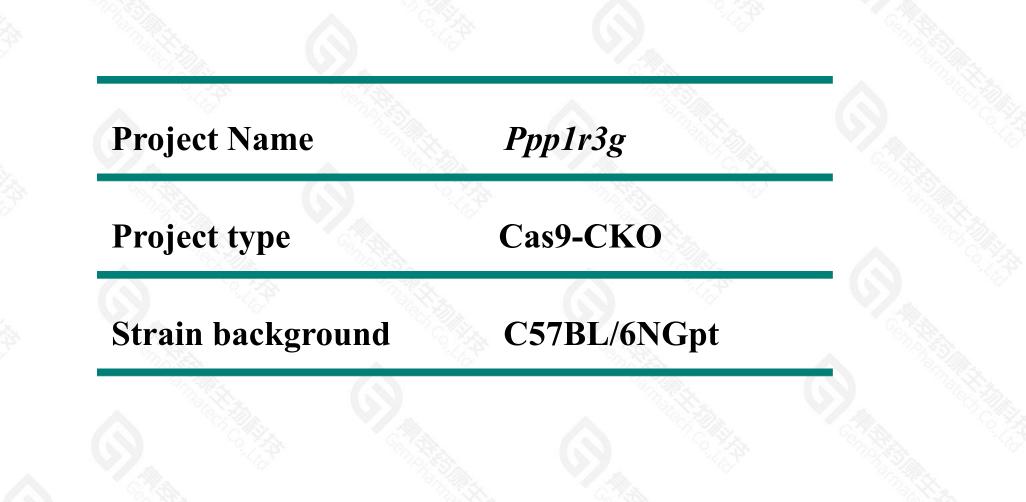
**Designer: Xiujian Wang** 

**Reviewer: Daohua Xu** 

Design Date: 2021-12-15

### **Project Overview**





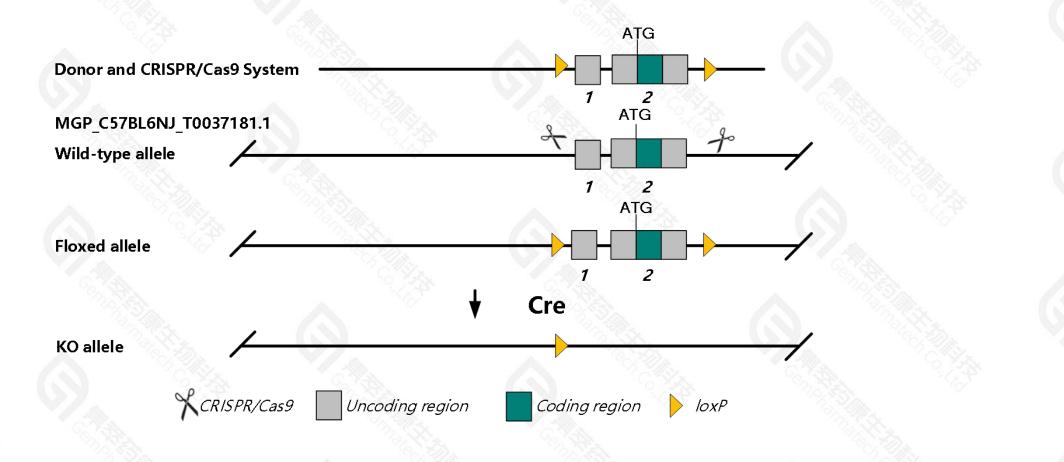
江苏集萃药康生物科技股份有限公司

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## **Conditional Knockout strategy**

This model will use CRISPR/Cas9 technology to edit the *Ppp1r3g* gene. The schematic diagram is as follows:



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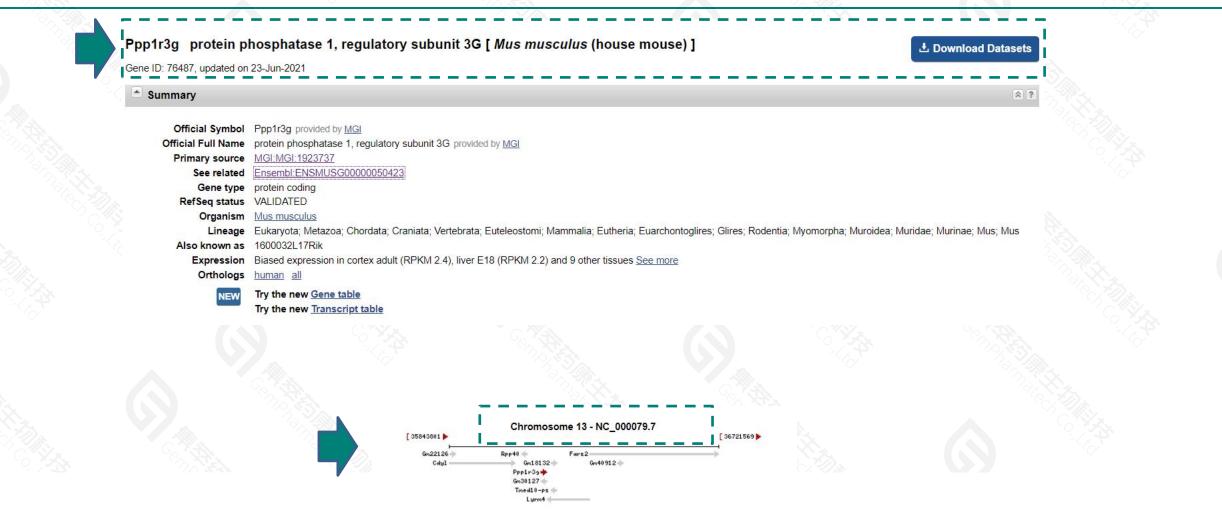
- The *Ppp1r3g* gene has 2 transcripts. According to the structure of *Ppp1r3g* gene, exon1-exon2 of *Ppp1r3g* MGP\_C57BL6NJ\_T0037181.1 transcript is recommended as the knockout region. The region contains all of the coding sequence. Knock out the region will result in disruption of protein function.
- In this project we use CRISPR/Cas9 technology to modify *Ppp1r3g* gene. The brief process is as follows: gRNA was transcribed in vitro, donor vector was constructed.Cas9, gRNA and Donor were microinjected into the fertilized eggs of C57BL/6NGpt mice.Fertilized eggs were transplanted to obtain positive F0 mice which were confirmed by PCR and sequencing. A stable F1 generation mouse model was obtained by mating positive F0 generation mice with C57BL/6J Gpt mice.
- The flox mice will be knocked out after mating with mice expressing Cre recombinase, resulting in the loss of function of the target gene in specific tissues or cell types.



- According to the existing MGI data, under a high-fat diet, mice homozygous for a knock-out allele show decreased susceptibility to diet-induced obesity and hepatic steatosis along with a higher metabolic rate, increased food intake, and decreased glycogen levels in liver and adipose.
- The flox region of the *Ppp1r3g* gene contains the functional region of the *Ppp1r3g* gene. Knockout may affect the function of the *Ppp1r3g* gene.
- ➤ Knockout of the *pp1r3g* gene may cause the regulation of the 5'end of *Ppp1r3g*-MGP\_C57BL6NJ\_T0037181.1
- The *Ppp1r3g* gene is located on the Chr13. If the knockout mice are crossed with other mice strains to obtain double gene positive homozygous mouse offspring, please avoid the two genes on the same chromosome.
- This strategy is designed based on genetic information in existing databases.Due to the complexity of biological processes, all risk of the loxp insertion on gene transcription, RNA splicing and protein translation cannot be predicted at the existing technology level.

# Gene information (NCBI)





# **Transcript information (Ensembl)**



#### The gene has 2 transcripts, and all transcripts are shown below:

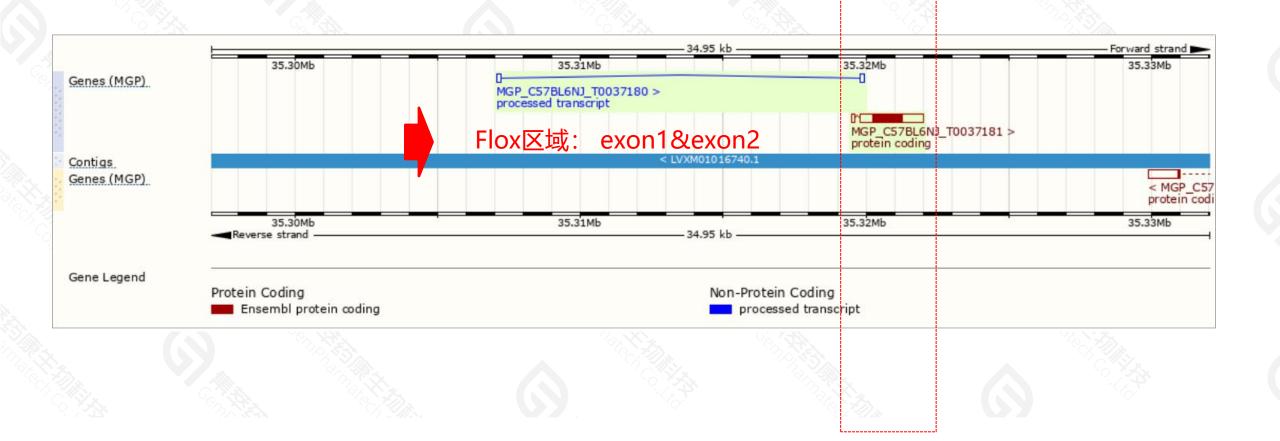
Transcript ID	Name 🛔	bp 🍦	Protein 🖕	Biotype 👙	CCDS	Flags
MGP_C57BL6NJ_T0037181.1	1 (c. <del>+</del> (c.	2361	<u>347aa</u>	Protein coding	10 <b>-</b> 3	*
MGP_C57BL6NJ_T0037180.1	0.+0	325	No protein	Processed transcript	CCDS49237	-

The strategy is based on the design of *Ppp1r3g*-MGP\_C57BL6NJ\_T0037181.1 transcript, The transcription is shown below

	2.54 kb	
MGP_C57BL6NJ_T0037181 > protein coding		

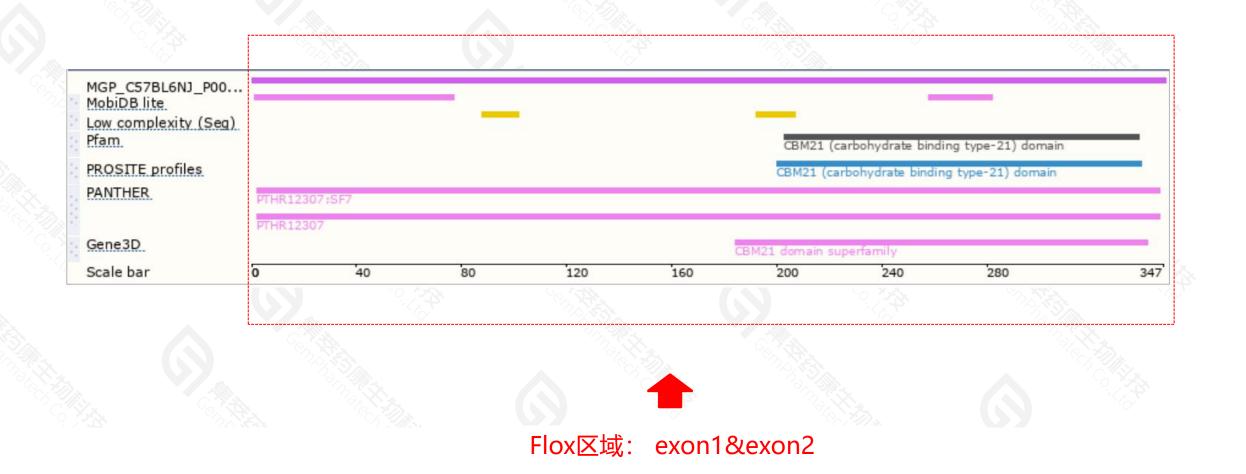
#### **Genomic location distribution**



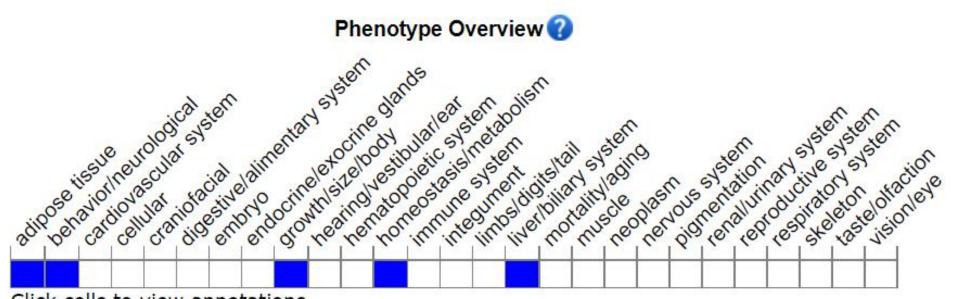


#### **Protein domain**





## Mouse phenotype description(MGI)



Click cells to view annotations.

Under a high-fat diet, mice homozygous for a knock-out allele show decreased susceptibility to diet-induced obesity and hepatic steatosis along with a higher metabolic rate, increased food intake, and decreased glycogen levels in liver and adipose http://www.informatics.jax.org/marker/MGI:1923737



If you have any questions, you are welcome to inquire. Tel: 400-9660890



