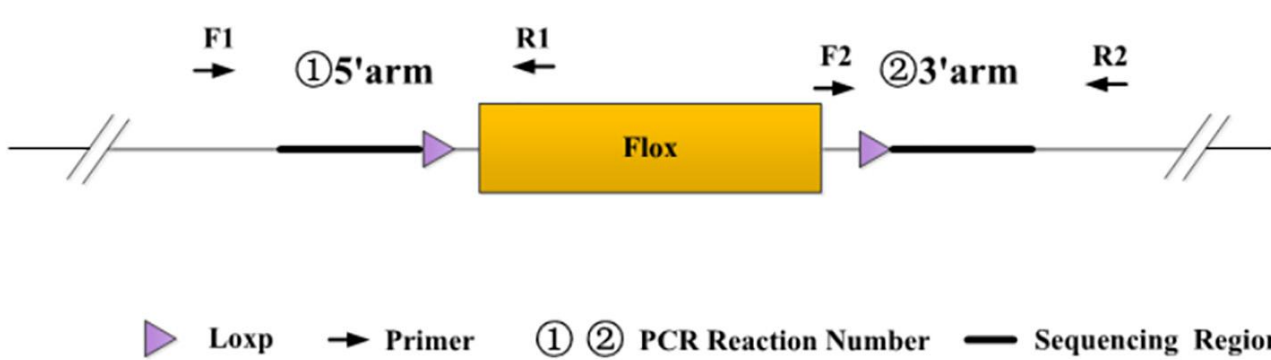


Genotyping Report

Strain ID	T019124	Strain Type	CKO(Cas9)	Genetic Background	C57BL/6J
Designer	Chen Chen	Gene Name	<i>Epha7</i>		

1. Strategy of Genotyping



▶ **Loxp** **➔** **Primer** ① ② **PCR Reaction Number** **—** **Sequencing Region**

Wild type: ①PCR reaction obtains a single WT band; ②PCR reaction obtains none band.
 Heterozygote: ①PCR reaction obtains a WT band and a Targeted band; ②PCR reaction obtains a Targeted band.
 Homozygote: ①PCR reaction obtains a single Targeted band; ②PCR reaction obtains a Targeted band.
 Note: The sizes of WT and Targeted band are shown below.

2. Primer Information

PCR No.	Primer No.	Primer Name	Sequence	Band Size
①(5'arm) GC:38%	F1	JS09418-Epha7-5wt-tF1	CCATGTGTCTTTGGCTGTCCG	WT:277 bp Targeted: 381 bp
	R1	JS09418-Epha7-5wt-tR1	GTCCTTACACTCAAAGATGCTGGC	
②(3'arm)	F2	Neo-3F	TCTGAGGCGGAAAGAACCAG	WT:0 bp Targeted:320 bp
	R2	JS09418-Epha7-3wt-tR1	GTCTCACAGCAAGGCCATAGCTG	

3. Gel Image & Conclusion



Note: P: Heterozygous samples; WT: Wildtype control; B: Blank control (ddH₂O); M: DNA Ladder
 ① Control (WT) : It is an important reference mark for whether the PCR reaction is successful and whether the product band position and size meet the theoretical requirements.
 ② Control (B) : PCR amplification was performed without template in the PCR reagent to monitor whether the reagent was contaminated.

4. PCR Condition

PCR Reaction Component			
Seg.	reaction component		Volume (μl)
1	2 × Rapid Taq Master Mix (Vazyme P222)		12.5
2	ddH ₂ O		9.5
3	Primer A(10pmol/μl)		1
4	Primer B(10pmol/μl)		1
5	Template(20~80ng/μl)		1
PCR program I priority selection			
Seg.	Temp.	Time	Cycle
1	95℃	5min	20×
2	98℃	30s	
3	65℃* (-0.5℃/cycle)	30s	
4	72℃	45s*	15×
5	98℃	30s	
6	55℃*	30s	
7	72℃	45s*	
8	72℃	5min	
9	10℃	hold	
PCR program II the second choice			
Seg.	Temp.	Time	Cycle
1	95℃	5min	35×
2	98℃	30s	
3	58℃*	30s	
4	72℃	45s*	
5	72℃	5min	
6	10℃	hold	

Note*: Annealing temperature and extension time can be determined according to the actual amplification situation and amplification enzyme efficiency.